

New Task Big Data for Energy Efficiency

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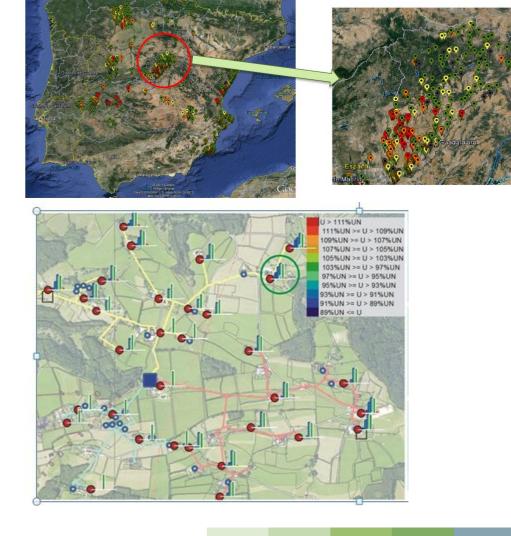
Big Data for Energy Efficiency

 Use of data analytic methods and approaches to identify energy efficiency potentials in consumption and other areas of energy usage.



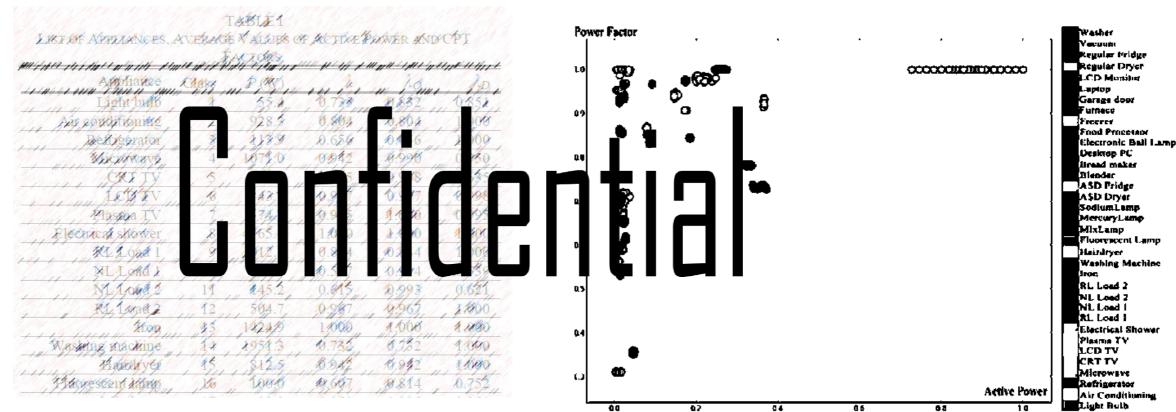
- Power Systems
 - Power System Network data from sensors and meters (e.g. smart meters) to identify losses and other inefficient network conditions.
 - High losses ("non-technical")

Renewables impact





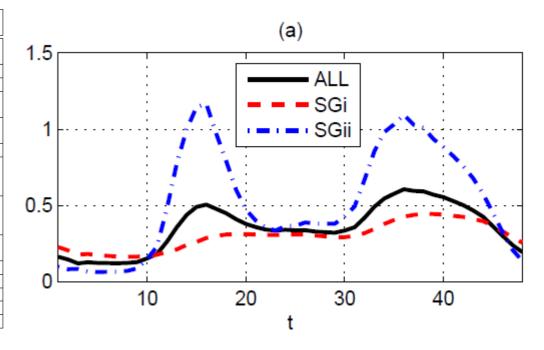
- Consumer devices
 - Consumption of electronic devices: use meter data and data discovery to identify the energy consumption of gadgets.





- Consumer behavior and segmentation
 - Identification of energy intensive user behavior (segmentation, etc.), using demographic data for more detailed information.

| Socio-demographic variables | Description | Number of categories | Example(s) |
|-----------------------------|---|----------------------|--|
| GSP group | Grid Supply Point Group in UK, which are | Total 14 | Southern; South Wales; |
| | regional electricity distribution networks | 3 in dataset* | North Scotland |
| Age | Age of head of household | 6 | Age 26-35 |
| Decision Maker Type | Type of person deciding household matters | 13 | Young Couple |
| Family Lifestage | The combined stage of life and family status including children | 14 | Young family with children |
| Household Composition | People living together and their relationships to one another | 13 | Male homesharers |
| Household Income Band | Total household income per year | 10 | £30,000 to £39,999 |
| Mains gas flag | Whether a household is connected to the | 2 | connected to gas; |
| | Main gas network; if Yes, it's assumed | | not connected to gas |
| | that the household uses gas | | |
| Mosaic Public Sector Group | Classification on citizen's location, | 15 | Young, well-educated city dwellers; |
| | demographics, lifestyles and behaviors | | Wealthy people living in the most sought after neighborhoods |
| Mosaic Public Sector Type | Subcategories of Mosaic Public | 69 | Young professional families settling |
| | Sector Group | | in better quality older terraces |
| Number of Bedrooms | Number of Bedrooms of the property | 5 | 5 + bedrooms |
| Property Age | When the property was built | 6 | 1871-1919 |
| Property Type 2011 | Type of property in 2011 | 5 | Purpose built flats; Farm |
| Property Value Fine | Estimated property value | 25 | £500,001 to £600,000 |
| Tenure 2011 | Property ownership in 2011 | 3 | Privately rented |





- Energy Efficiency in Industry Industry 4.0
 - Predictive Maintenance and Quality
 - Field Asset Monitoring

The Value of PMQ

- 1. Lowering Unit/Item Cost (Improving profit/margin)
- 2. Increasing Production "Yield" (Productivity)
- 3. Superior ROA and "Asset Optimization"
- 4. Higher Revenue due to Quality Improvement
- 5. Increased Competitiveness due to higher Quality
- 6. New Services for Health Monitoring of Assets
- 7. Lower Risks due to fewer or elimination of Asset Failures



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Questions

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