



DC-GRIDS FOR ENABLING SMART GRIDS WITH DISTRIBUTED RESOURCES, DEMAND RESPONSE AND STORAGE FOR ELECTRICITY

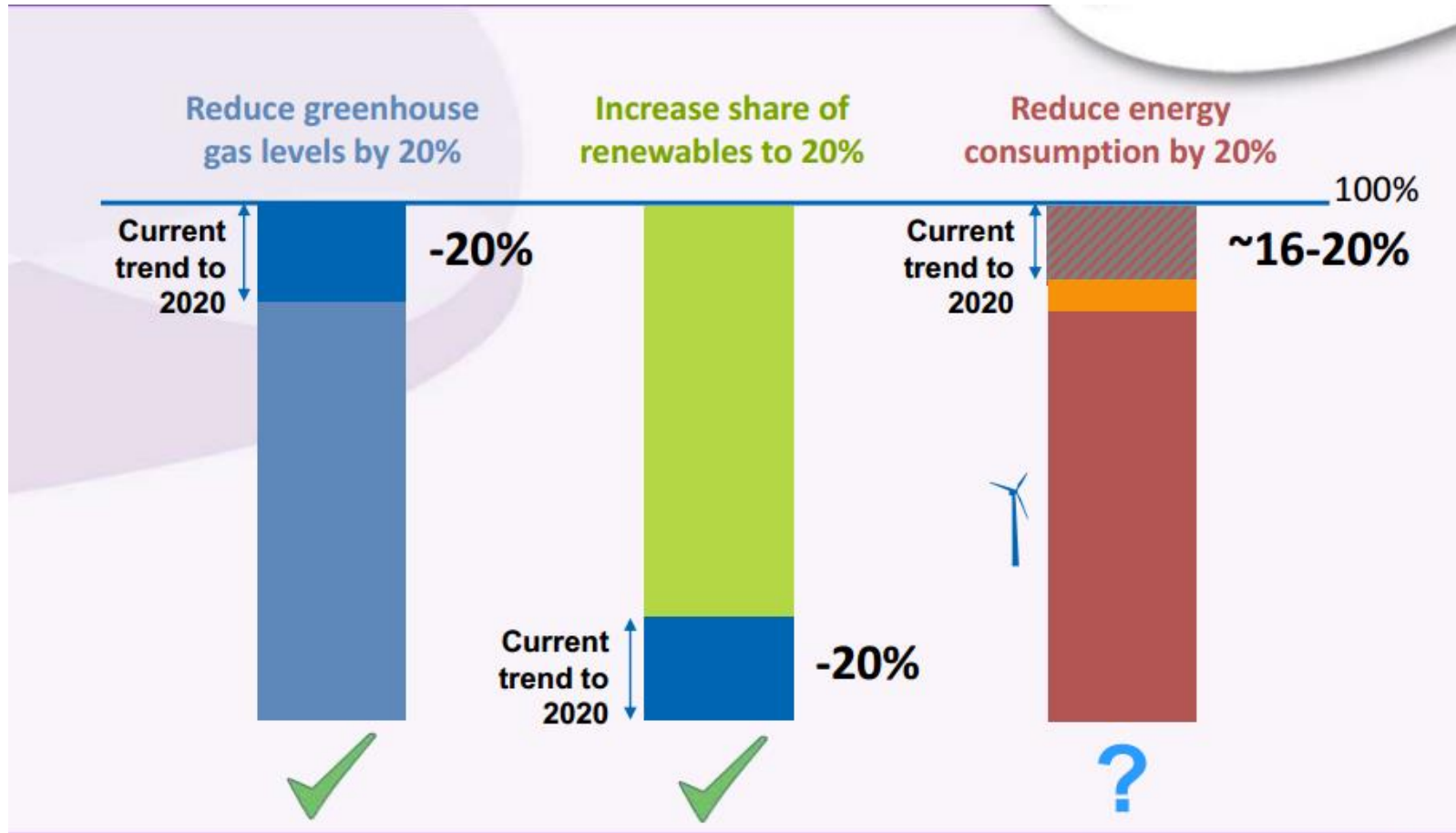
Contribution to DUE (Domestic Use of Energy) conference,
Capetown, April 1th 2015.

Harry Stokman, DC Foundation and René Kamphuis, TNO and TU/Eindhoven





Policy issues European Union



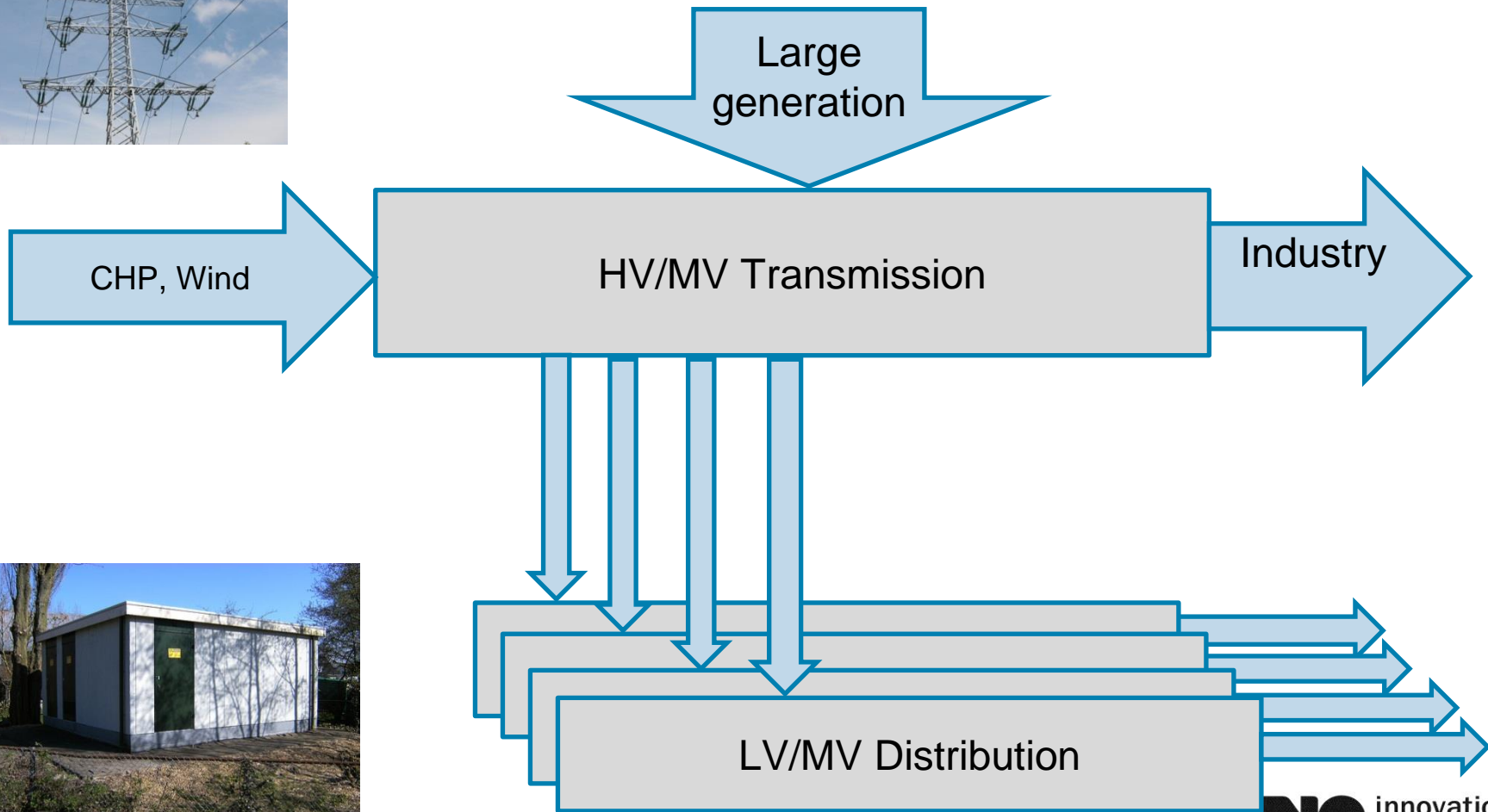
Electricity grids have to deliver the biggest proportion





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Power flows in electricity grids

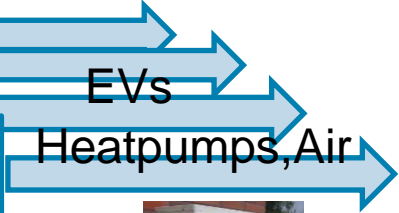
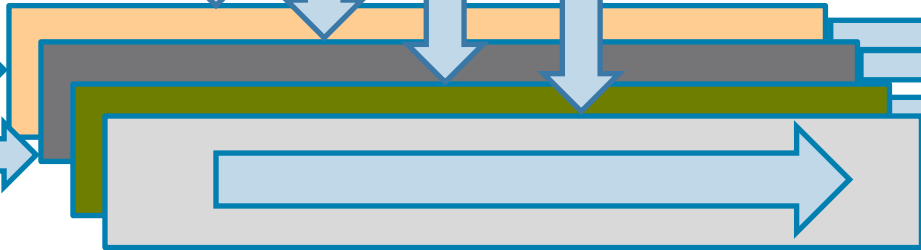
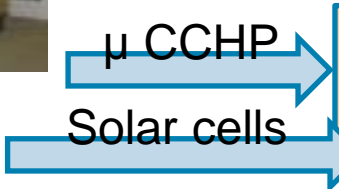
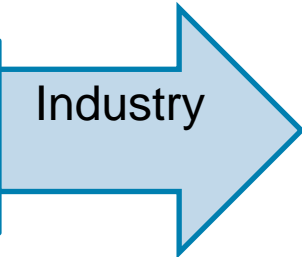
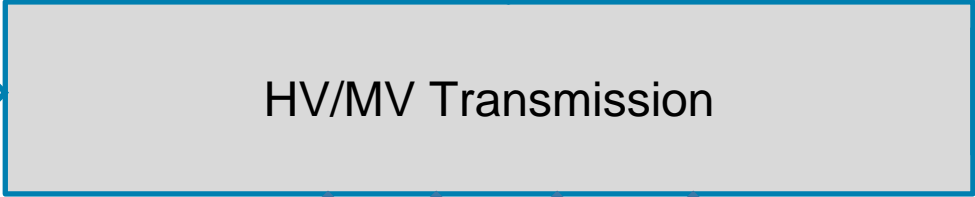
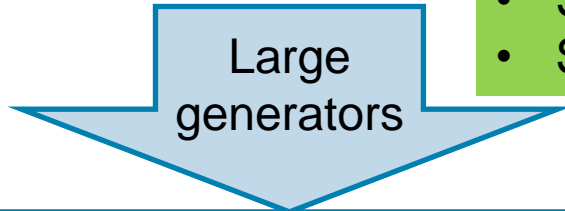
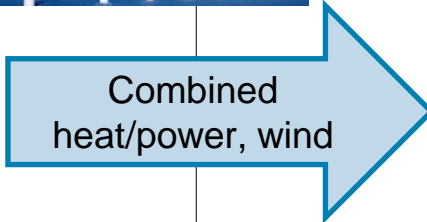




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Evolution of electricity grids

- New types of generation
- Electrification
- Simultaneous/ bidirectional
- Synergy electr./gas/heat/cold



TNO



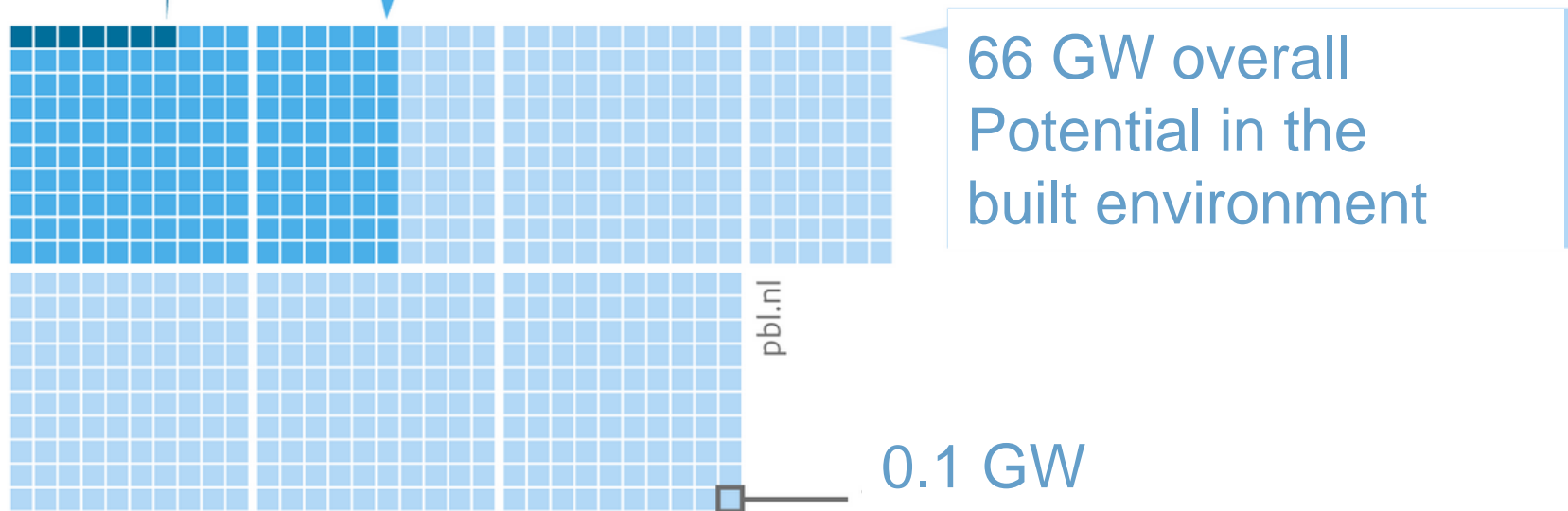
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Are the potentials realizable (NL study 2014) ??

Realized solar power and potential for placement of PV

0.7 GW realized

16 GW without upgrading the
electricity grid with equal spreading



Bron: DNV GL/PBL 2014

www.pbl.nl



USB Power Delivery

- Before connect the USB connector is standard USB Power profile 1
- Device will be powered at 5V maximum 2A
- Communication will start to negotiate for wanted power profile



Connect

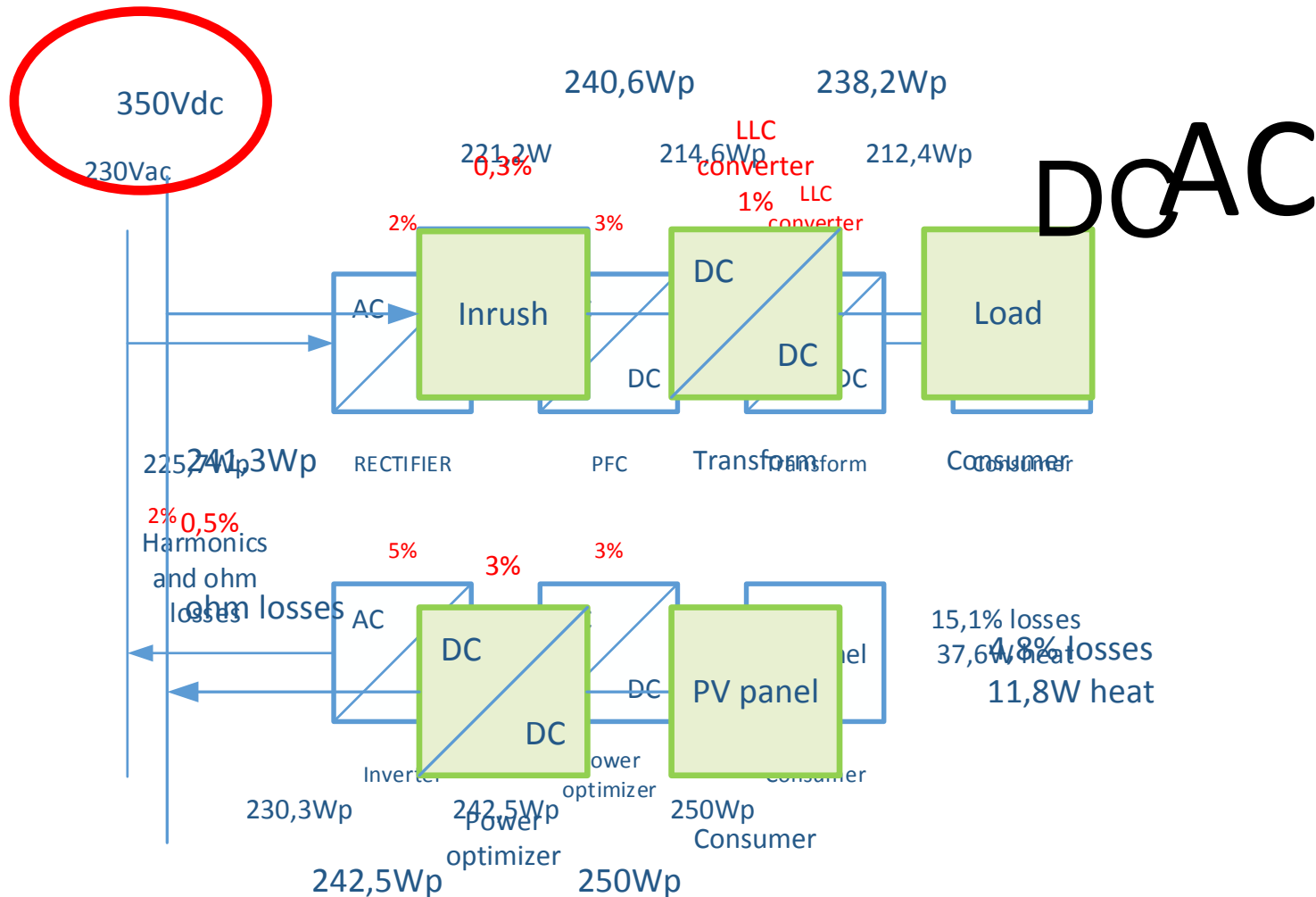


USB PD will become the standard Low power device connector



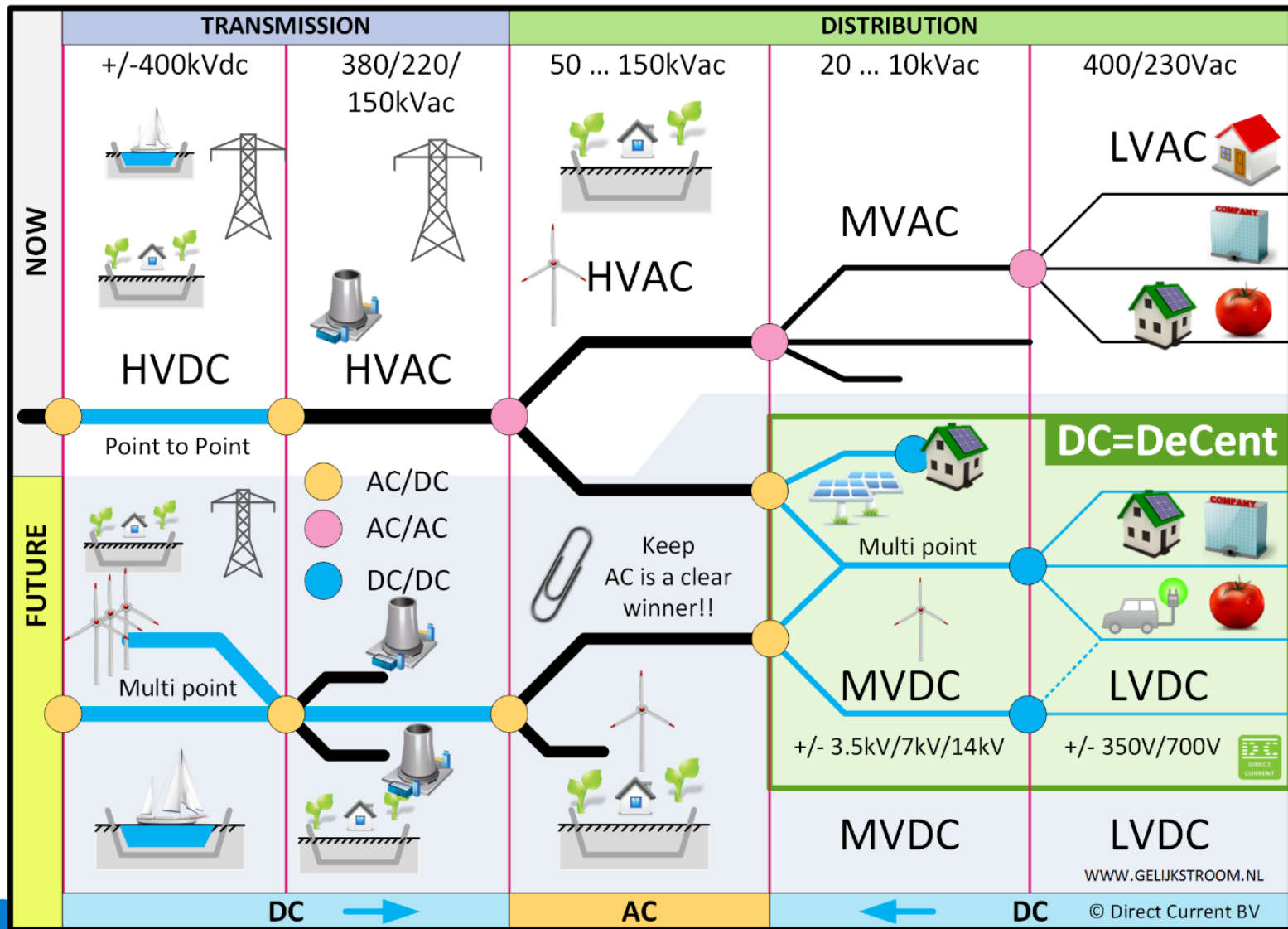
Profile	Voltage	Current	Power	Comments
1	5V	2A	10W	Startup profile
2	12V	1,5A	18W	Netbooks
3	12V	3A	36W	Ultrabooks
4	20V	3A	60W	Limit for micro A/B connector
5	20V	5A	100W	Limit for standard A/B connector





AC/DC losses (generation to load: 15.1 ↔ 4.8 %)





Hybrid road maps for AC and DC power infrastructures

ation



DC	House hybrid	House DC	Heat Pump	EV	Office	Data center	Factory	Ware house	Green house	Solar System	Solar park	Power	Cu mg/W 1m	Can replace	Wires	Distance 1%	600Vdc	1500Vdc			
	AC/DC	House DC	2/50kW	10/20kW	100Wp on DC	>1MW	>1MW	lighting	>1 MW	10kW	2MW	Watt/mm2 @ 6A/mm2	@ 6A/mm2		no PE	drop @ 6A/mm2					
12V	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	72 W	247/+1817%	-	2	0,6 m	USA				
24V	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	144 W	124/+858%	-	2	1,2 m					
48V	√	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	288 W	61,8/+379%	-	2	2,4 m					
60V	√	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	360 W	49,4/+283%	-	2	2,9 m					
110V	√	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	660 W	27,0/+109%	-	2	5,4 m					
220V	√	√	X	X	√	X	X	X	X	X	X	1320 W	13,5/+5%	230Vac 1ph	2	10,8 m					
300V	√	√	X	X	√	X	X	X	X	√	X	1800 W	9,9/-23%	230Vac 1ph	2	14,7 m					
350V	√	√	X	X	√	√	X	√	X	√	X	2100 W	8,5/-34%	230Vac 1ph	2	17,2 m					
+/- 190V	√	√	X	X	√	√	X	√	X	√	X	2280 W	11,7/-9%	230Vac 1ph	3	18,6 m					
380V	√	√	X	X	√	√	X	√	X	√	X	2280 W	7,8/-39%	230Vac 1ph	2	18,6 m					
400V	√	√	X	X	√	√	X	√	X	√	X	2400 W	7,4/-43%	230Vac 1ph	2	19,6 m					
500V	X	X	X	X	X	√	X	X	X	√	X	3000 W	5,9/-54%	-	2	24,5 m					
+/-300V	√	√	√	√	√	X	X	√	X	√	X	3600 W	7,4/-43%	-	3	29,4 m					
600V	X	X	√	√	X	X	X	X	X	√	X	3600 W	4,9/-23%	400Vac 3ph	2	29,4 m					
+/- 350V	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	X	√	X	4200 W	6,4/-51%	230Vac 1ph	3	34,3 m					
700V	X	X	√	√	X	√	√	X	X	√	X	4200 W	4,2/-34%	400Vac 3ph	2	34,3 m					
+/- 380V	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	X	√	X	4560 W	5,9/-55%	230Vac 1ph	3	37,3 m					
760V	X	X	√	√	X	X	√	X	X	√	X	4560 W	3,9/-39%	400Vac 3ph	2	37,3 m					
900V	X	X	√	√	X	X	√	X	X	X	X	5400 W	3,3/-49%	-	2	44,1 m					
1000V	X	X	X	X	X	X	√	X	X	X	X	6000 W	3,0/-54%	-	2	49,0 m					
+/- 600V	X	X	√	X	X	√	√	X	√	√	√	7200 W	3,7/-42%	400Vac 3ph	3	58,8 m					
1200V	X	X	X	X	X	X	√	X	X	X	X	7200 W	2,5/-34%	690Vac 3ph	2	58,8 m					
+/- 700V	X	X	√	X	X	√	√	X	√	√	√	8400 W	3,2/-51%	400Vac 3ph	3	68,6 m					
1400V	X	X	X	X	X	X	√	X	X	X	X	8400 W	2,1/-43%	690Vac 3ph	2	68,6 m					
Author Harry Stokman												© 2013 by Direct Current BV internet: www.directcurrent.eu									
√	EMerge Alliance			Best range		√		Proposed standard by Direct Current BV				AC		1380 W	12,9	230Vac 1ph	2	11,3 m	Standard		
√	Possible extension					√		Possible 300V/600V grids						4157 W	6,4	400Vac 3ph	3	34,0 m	low voltage		
														7171 W	3,7	690Vac 3ph	3	58,6 m	limits		



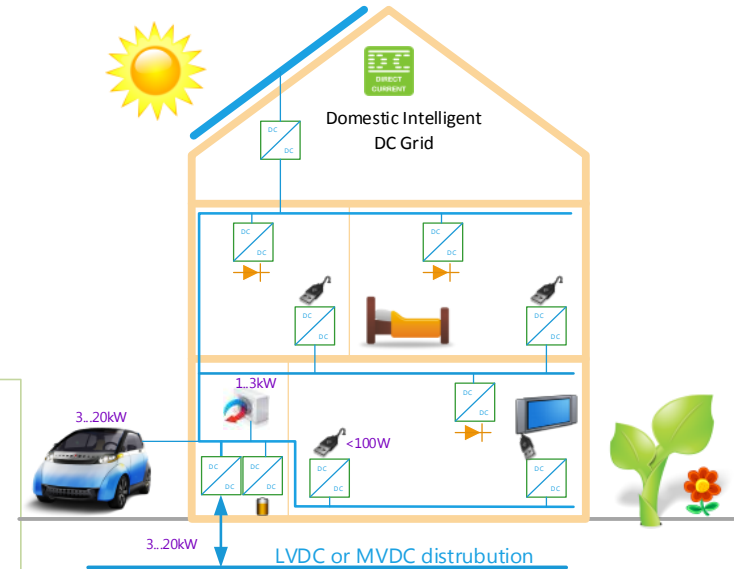
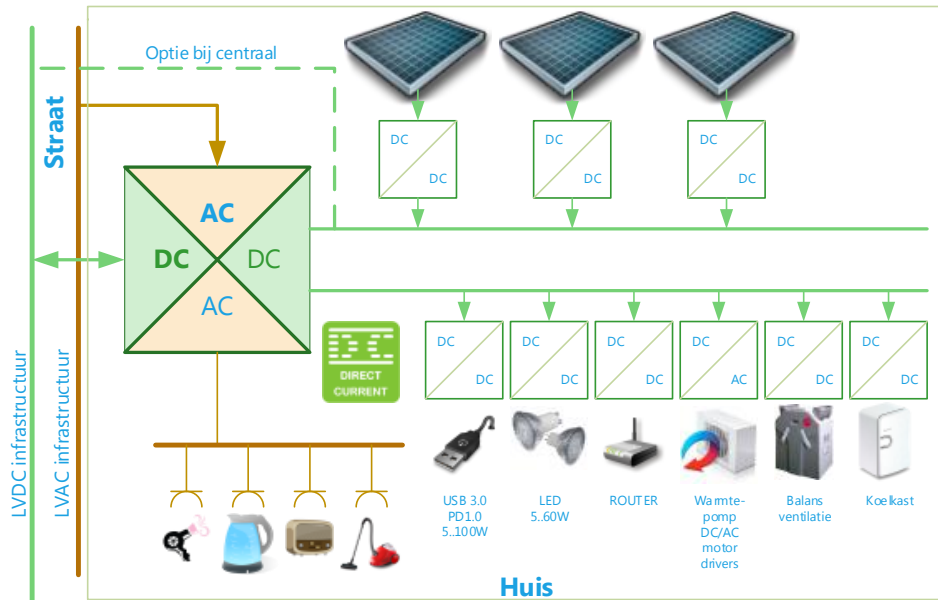
Hybrid road maps: interfacing possibilities exist

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DC-grid application areas

- Residential homes



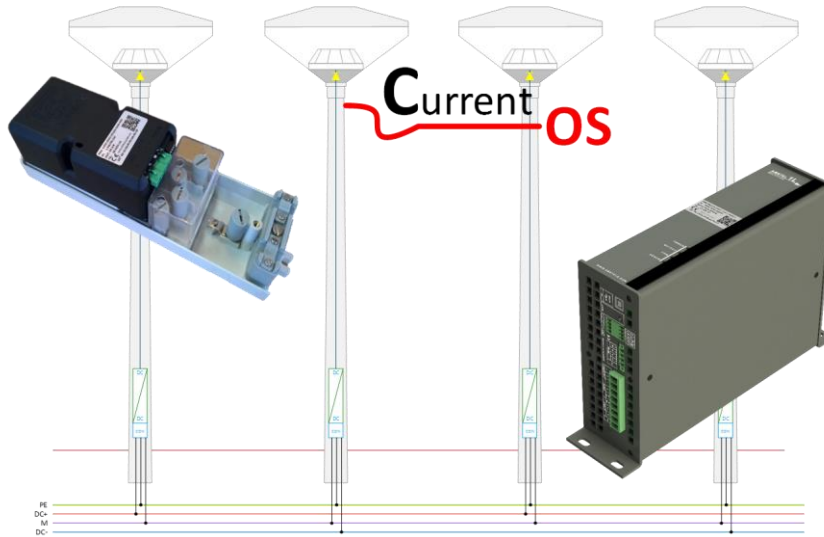
Opslag in de wijk

www.gelijkstroom.nl



Application areas

- Residential homes
- Public lighting



Example: 500 Public Lights of 60W in the Netherlands based on:

- $\pm 350\text{Vdc}$ Grids
- Earth fault protection 1..10mA
- Cable quality and state is known
- Lighting Protection
- Arc detection
- Corrosion protection
- Fully controlled
- Smart grid (Current/OS)
- Power Line Communication G3 protocol connected to the cloud
- No Breaking Current needed for protection
- Cable length > 2km
- HVAC transmission lines area





Application areas

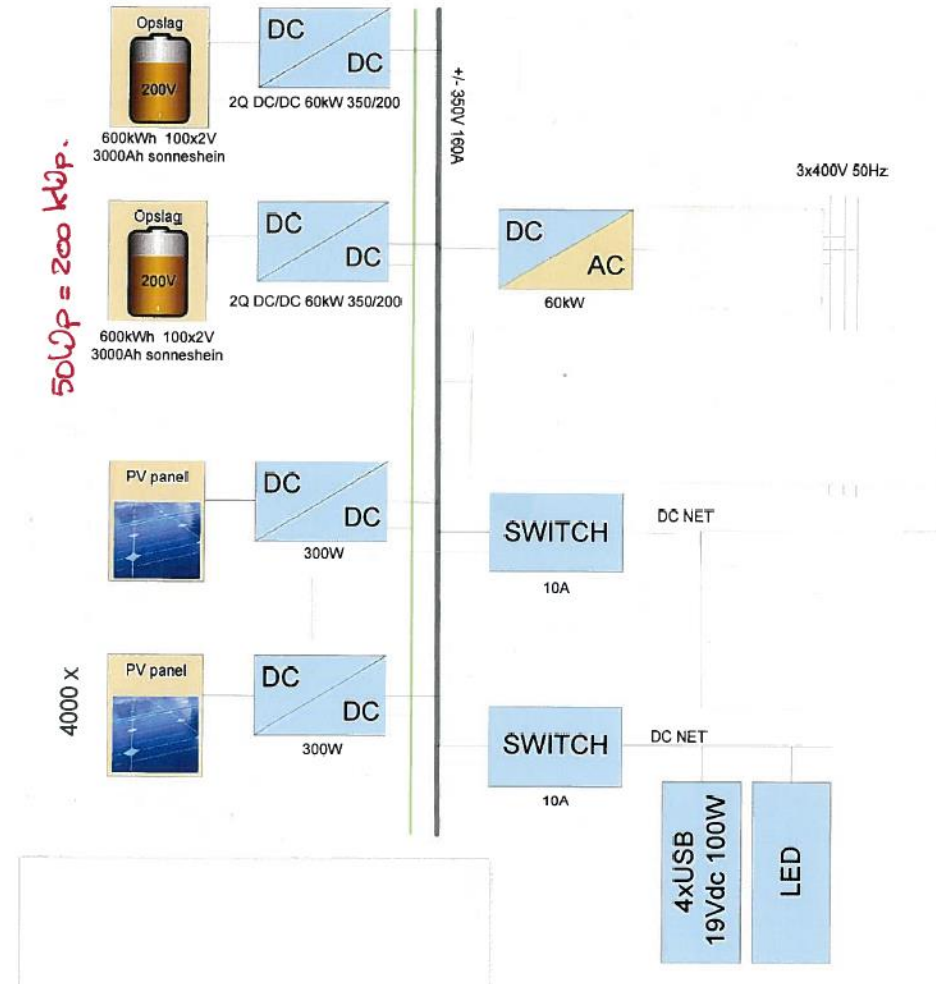
- Residential homes
- Public lighting
- Horticultural 51 HPS 600W bulbs with DC
 Bouvardia grower Vreeken





Application areas

- Residential homes
- Public lighting
- Horticultural
- Office environments





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Smart DC-grids may be linked to demand response and increase the embedding percentage of renewables

- (Pro-)Active distribution grids (nano-grids)
- Support of congested electricity infrastructure; microgrids
- Heat/cold storage (cheap buffering of energy)



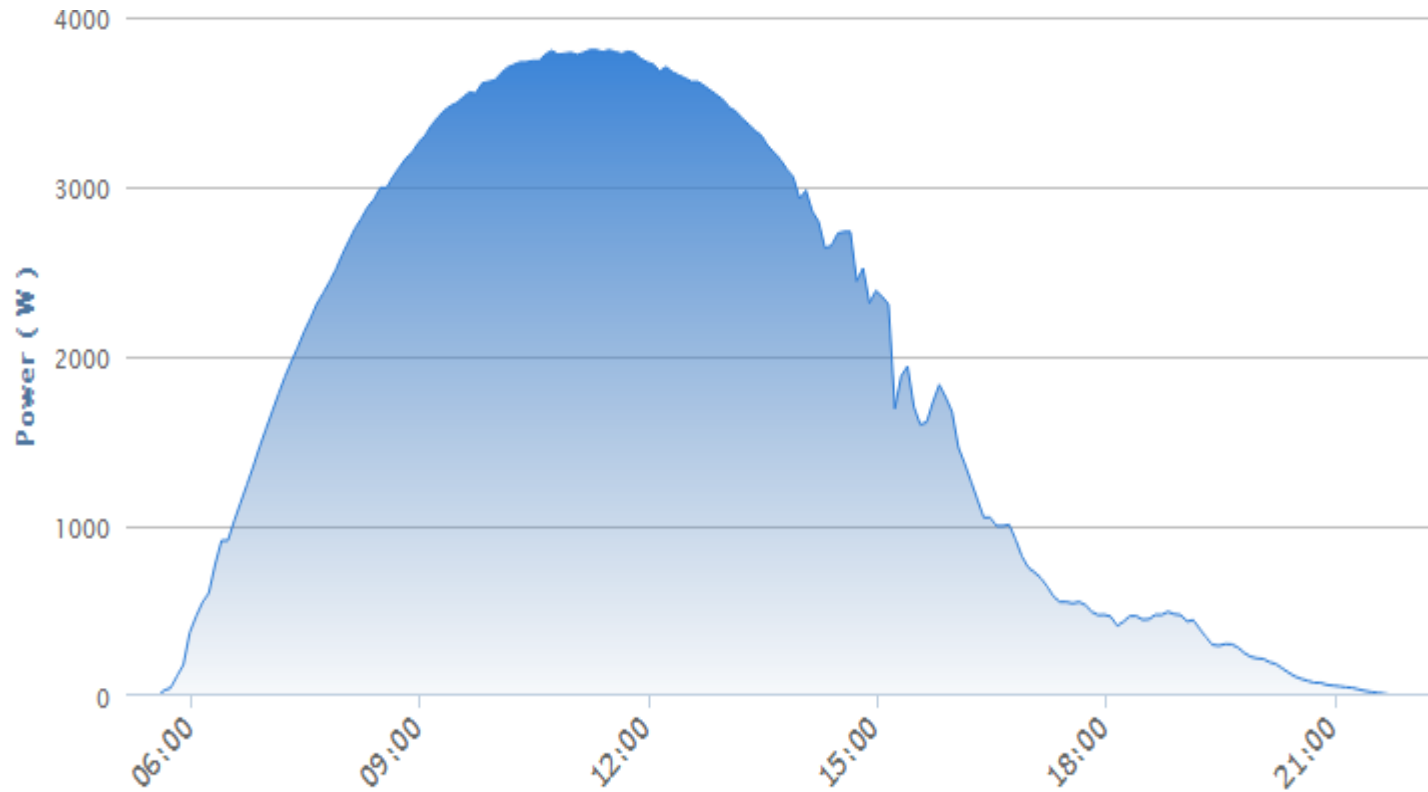
DC Foundation

TNO innovation
for life



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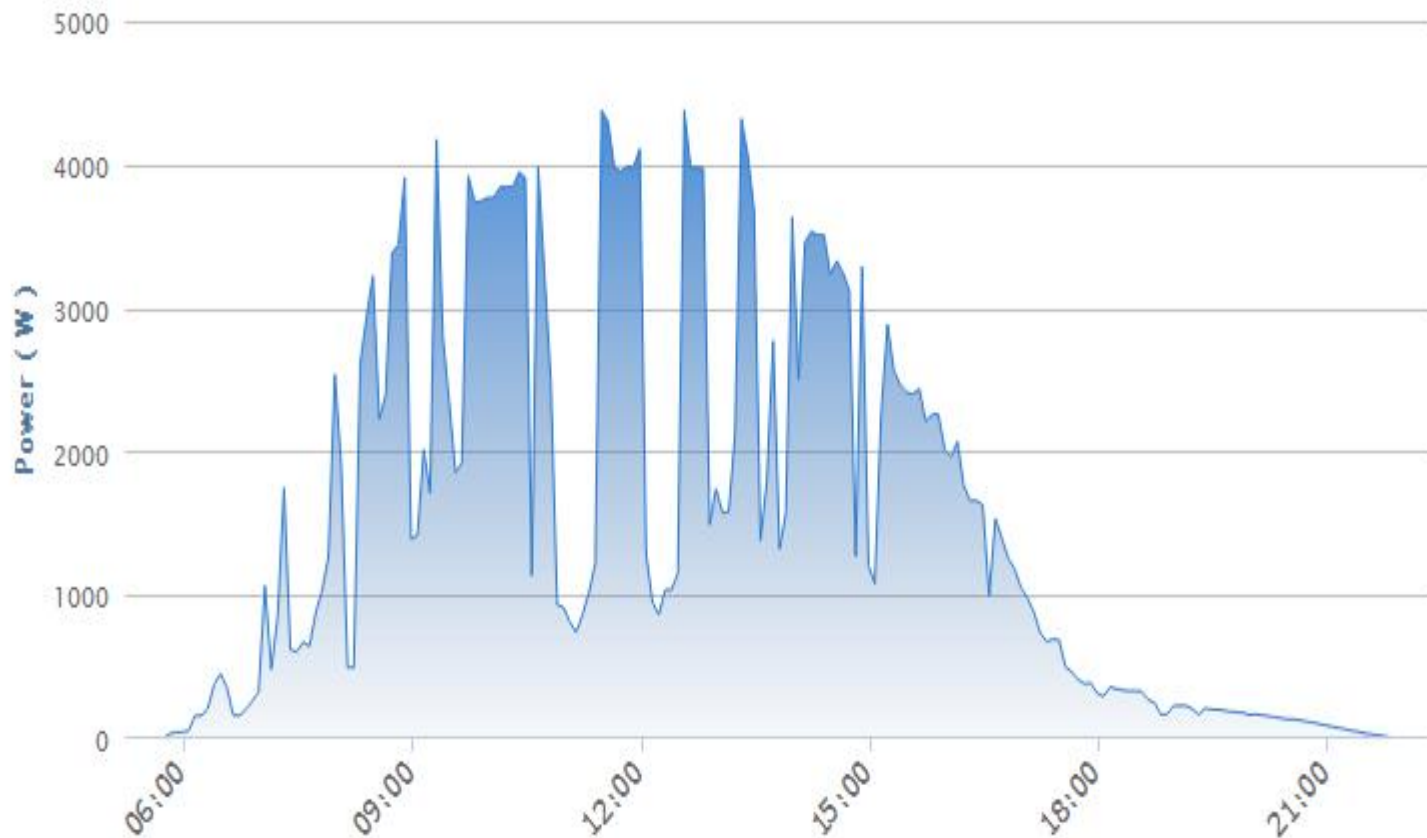
DG-RES Impact on electricity grids (PV Solar)





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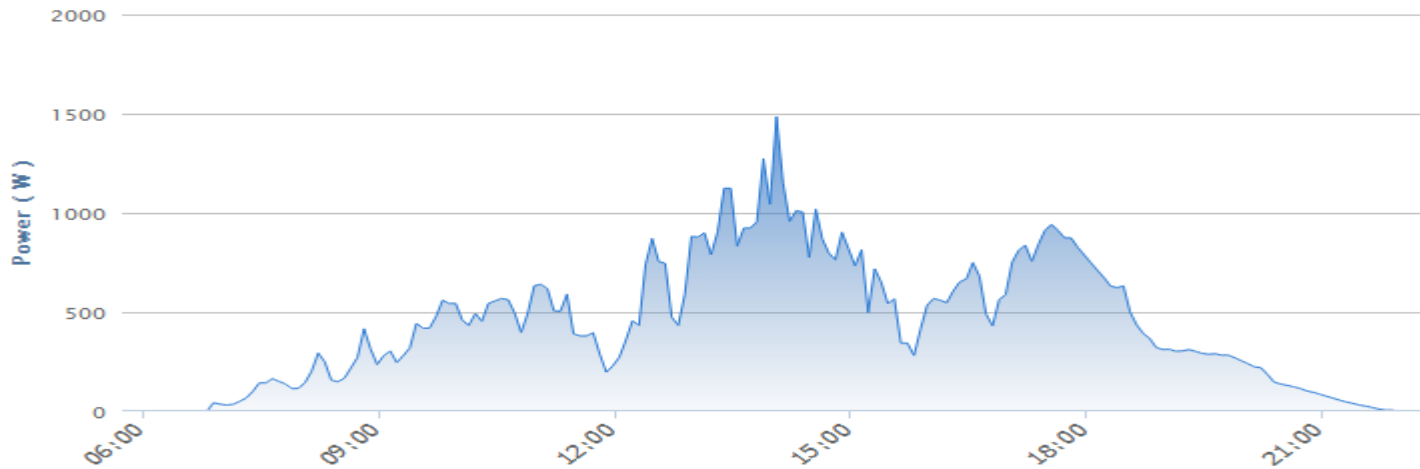
DG-RES impact on grid (PV solar; cloudy)





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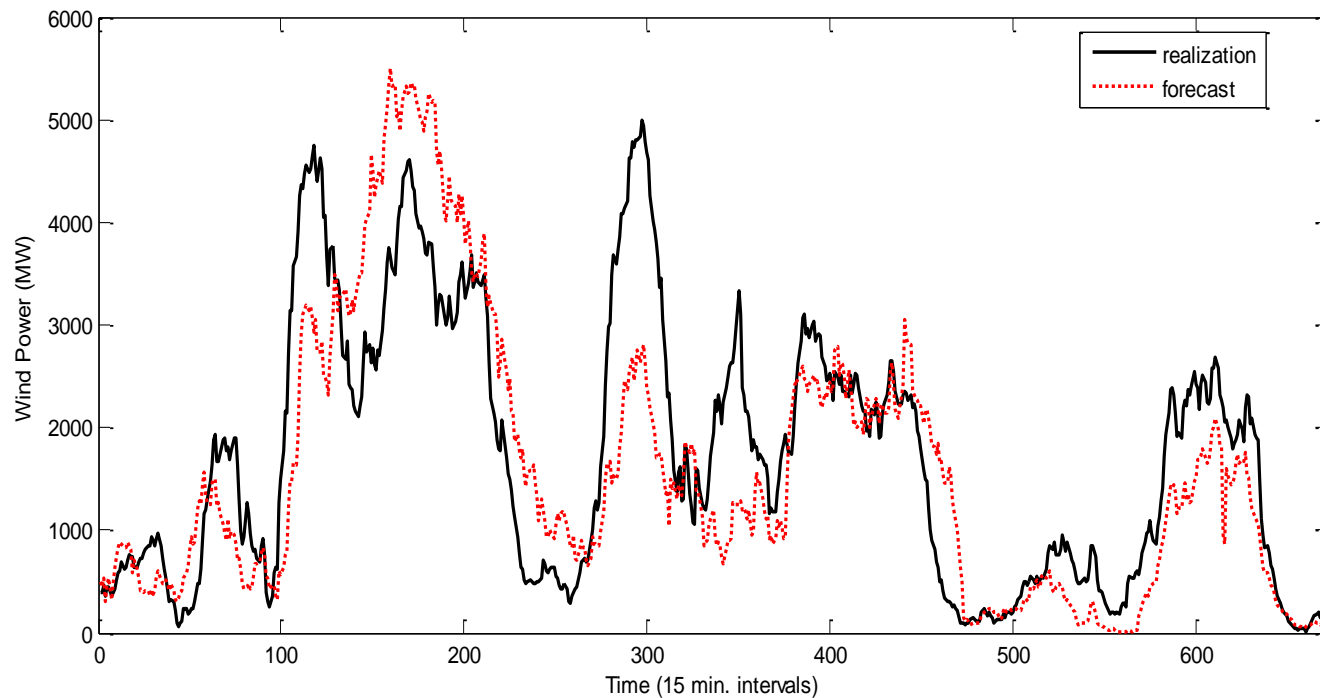
DG-RES penetration (PV solar; diffuse)





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DG-RES penetration (Wind)

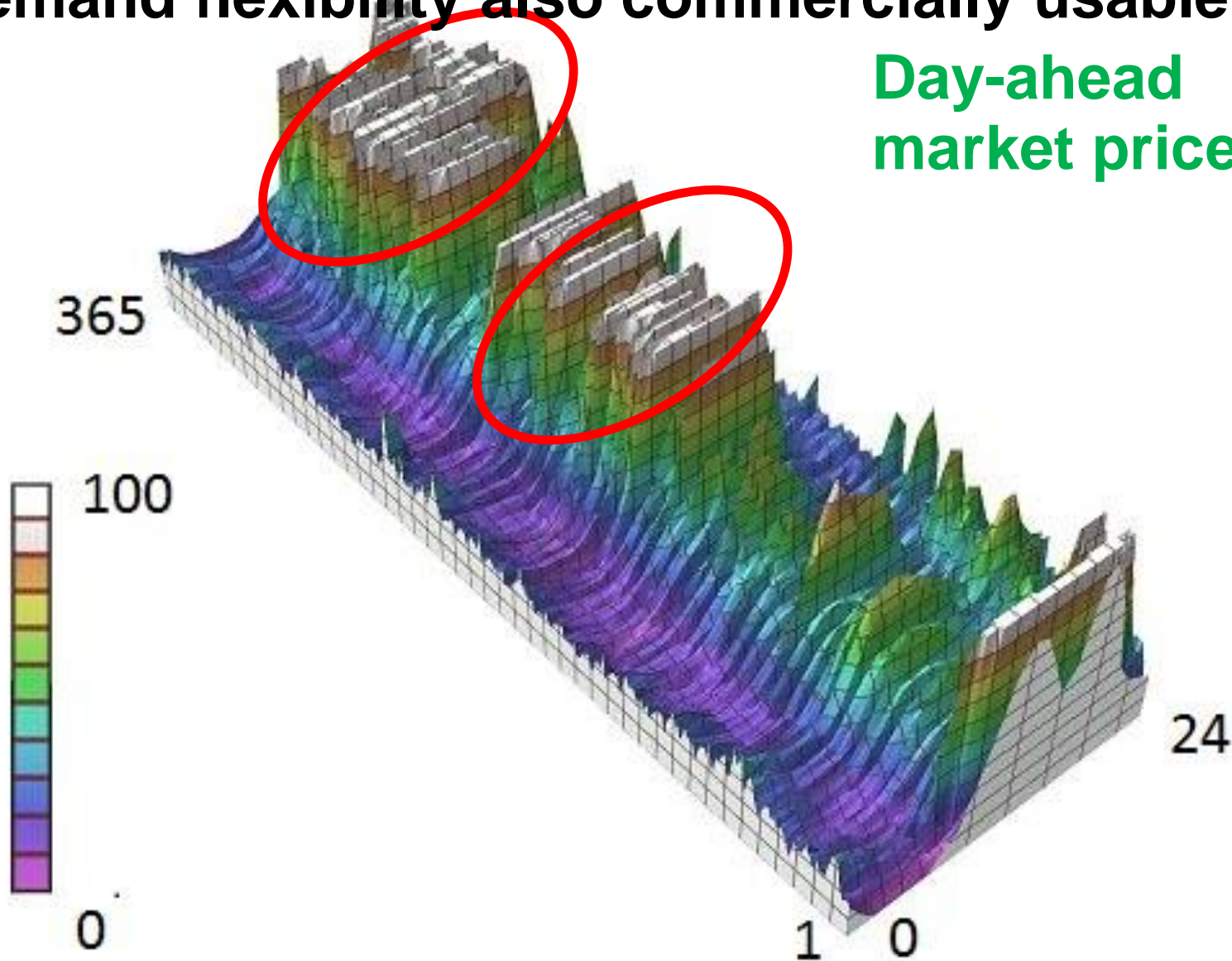




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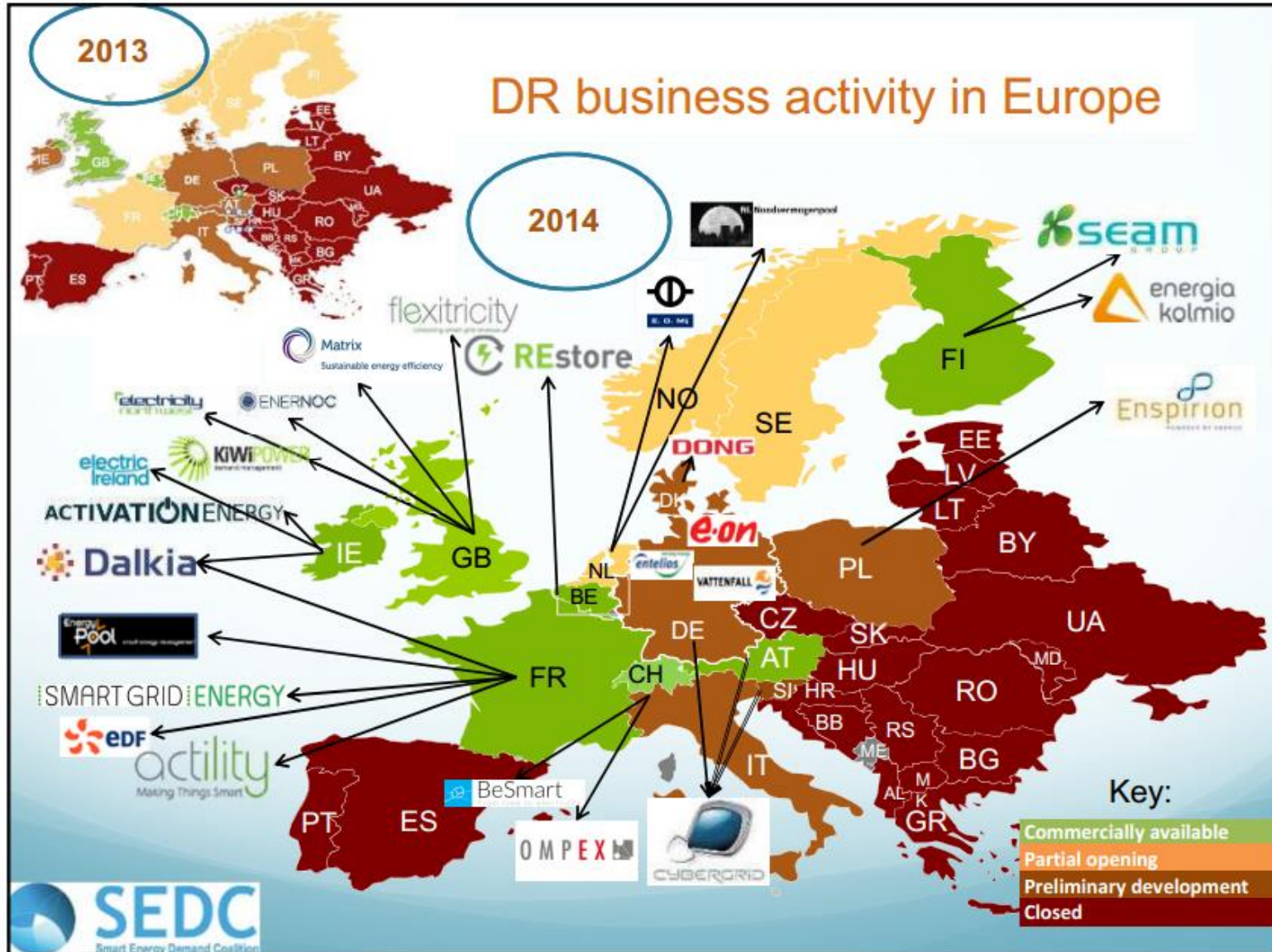
Demand flexibility also commercially usable

Day-ahead
market prices





Flexibility is needed SEDC: Smart Energy Demand Coalition



innovation
or life





High DG-RES percentages require flexible demand

- New roles (1/2)
 - Aggregator
 - Provides access to the network/markets for small size resources
 - Directive EE
 - Aggregator : *“a demand service provider that combines multiple short-duration consumer loads for sale or auction in organized energy markets”*
 - Necessity to extend this definition to include small sized generation...
 - ...while defining rules to avoid discrimination between generation side and demand side resources





New roles need to be enabled

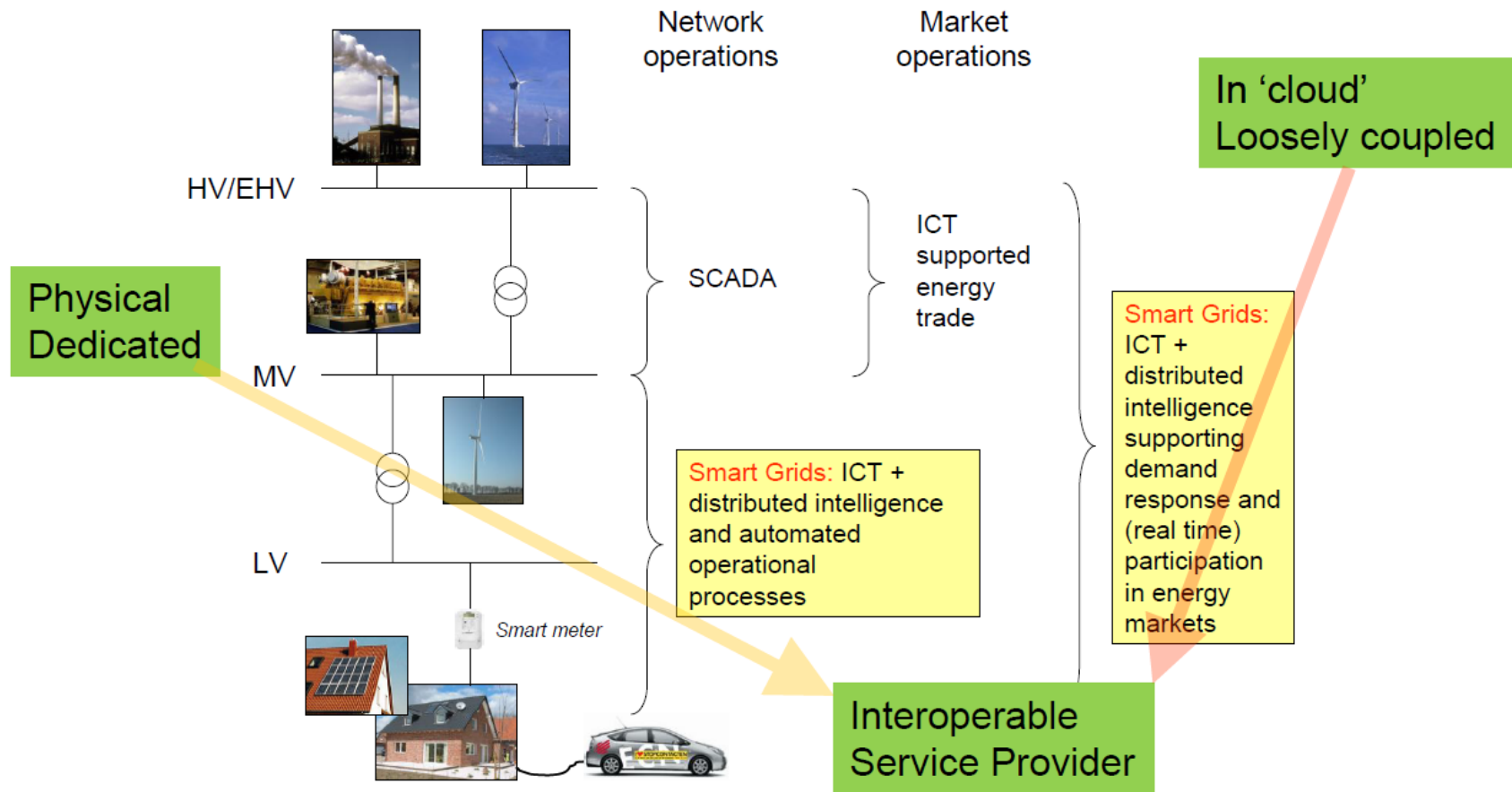
- New roles (2/2)
 - FSP: Flexibility Service Provider
 - Because
 - Other services than the ones directly linked to the balance of the system
 - To other market parties than the TSO
 - Firstly, need for a definition of flexibility
 - Does it include energy?
 - Does it include power able to be activated?
 - Definition should include all resources
 - Regardless the connection grid (TSO / DSO)
 - Aggregated or not aggregated





Tools for flexibility providers via ICT layers in smarter grids

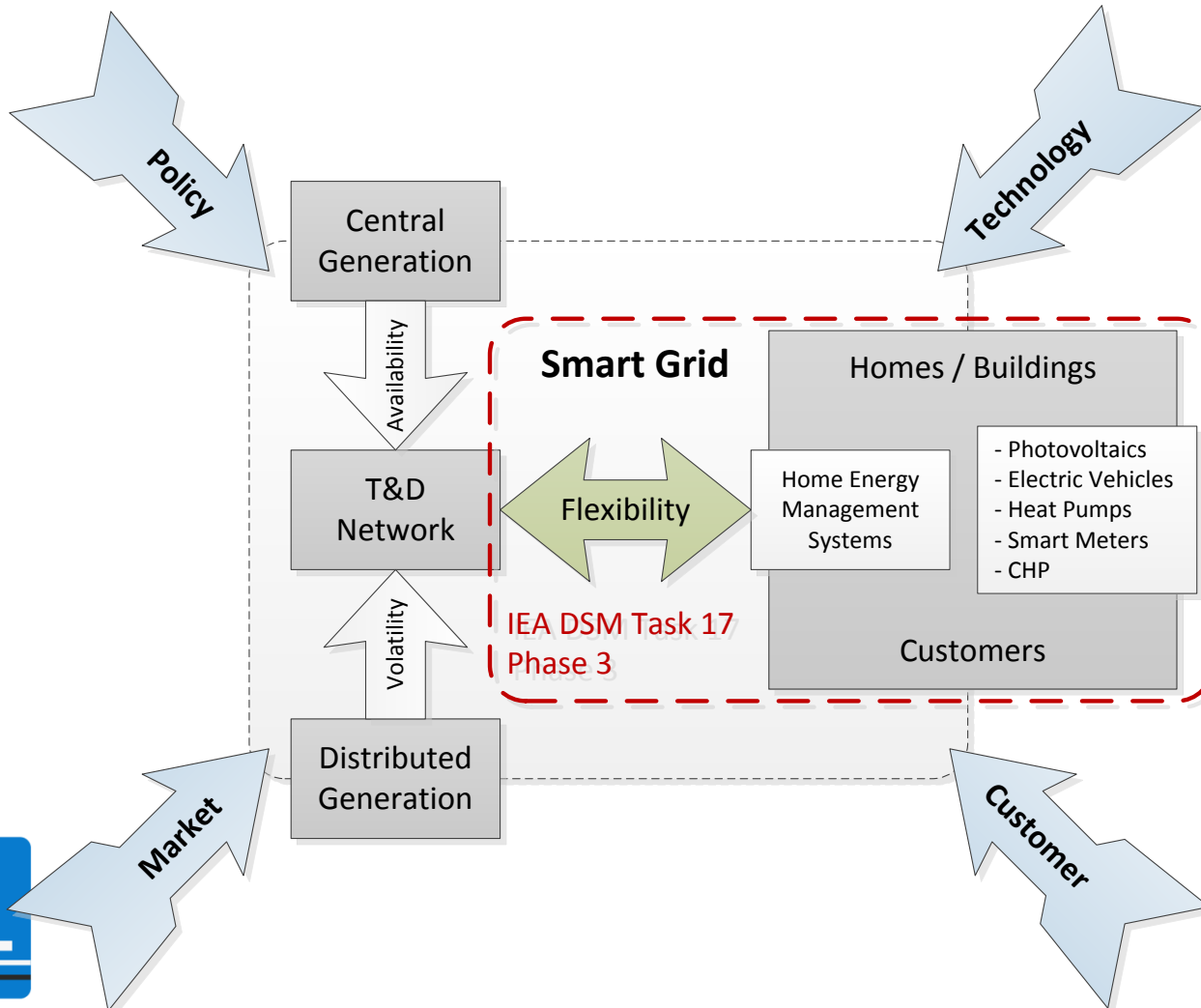
ICT Functions for market and network operations





Subtask of Phase 3 - Philosophy

Systems view on enabling flexibility in the smart grid





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Phase 3: Look and analyze this theme from system view

Task-17
Phase 3
(2014+)

- 10: Role and potentials of flexible households and buildings
- 11: Changes and impact on the grid and market operation
- 12: Sharing experiences and finding best practices
- 13: Conclusions and recommendations

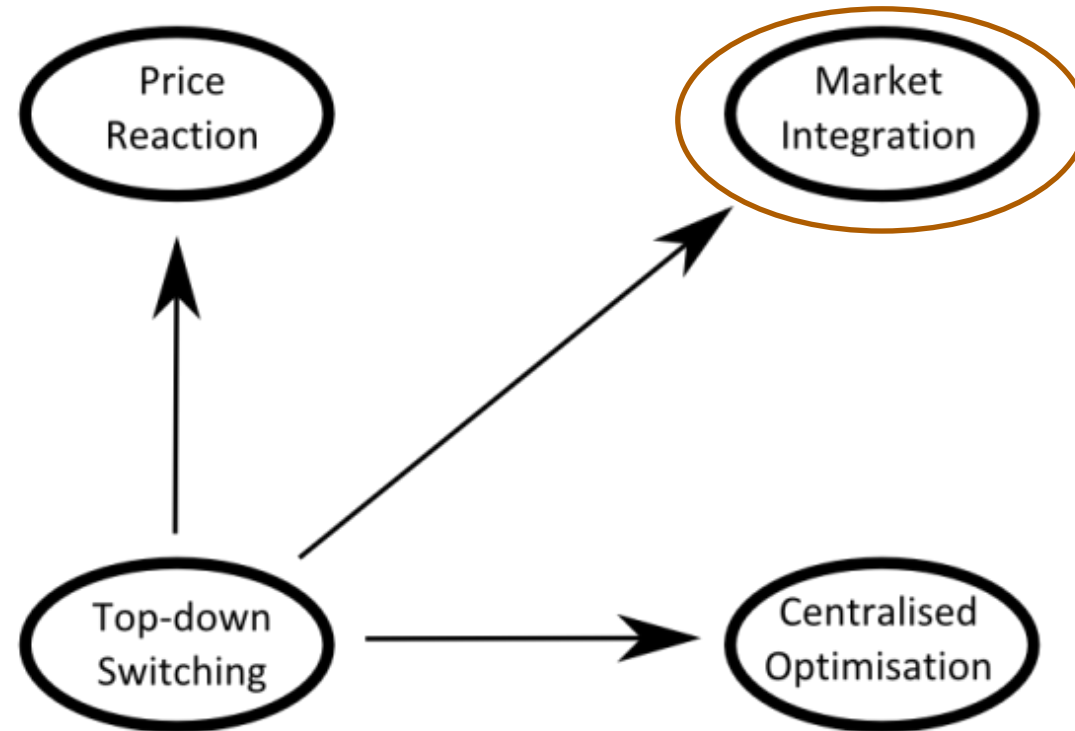




ICT and coordination; example project

Decisions on local issues made locally

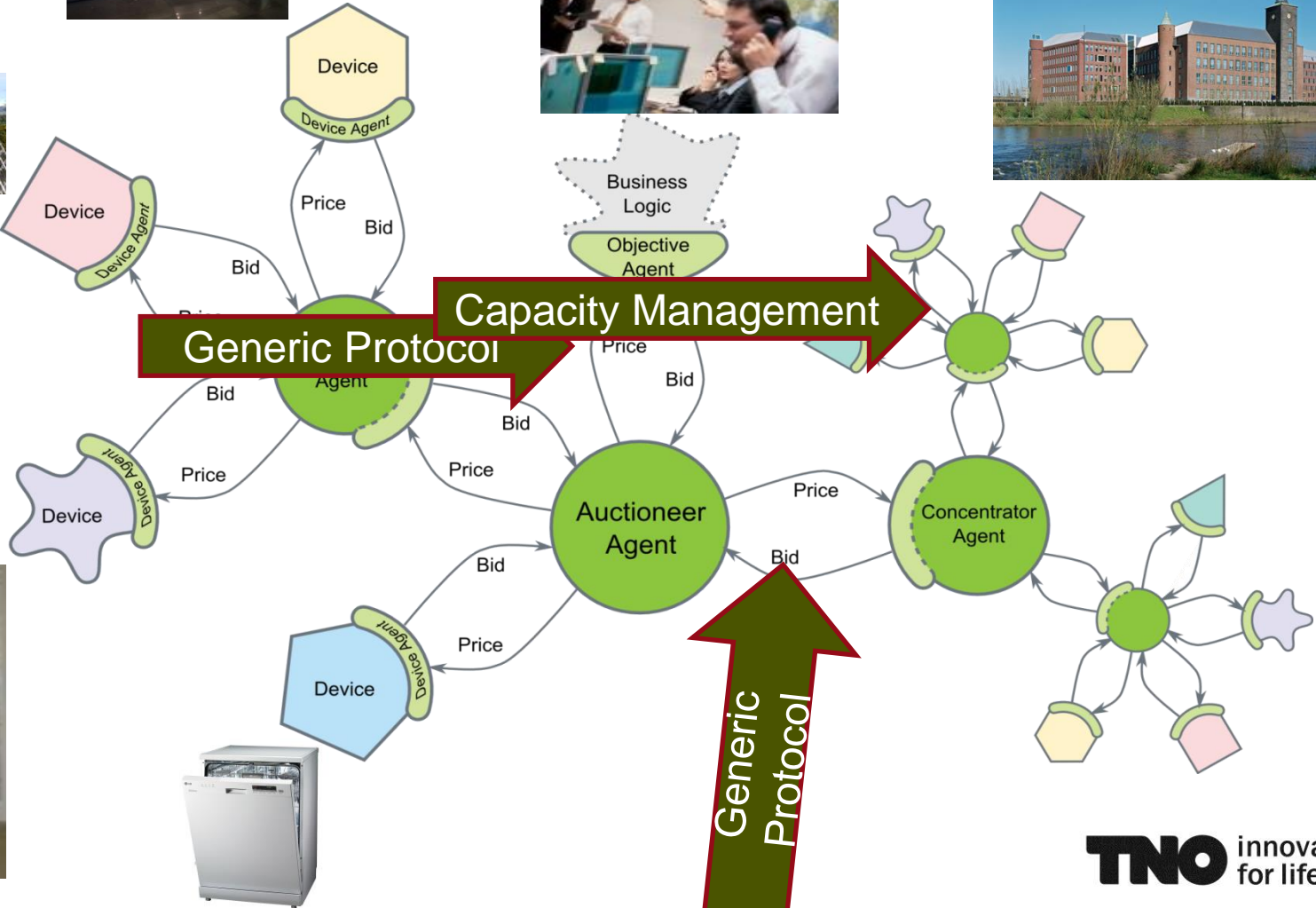
Decisions on local issues made centrally



One-way Communications

Two-way Communications

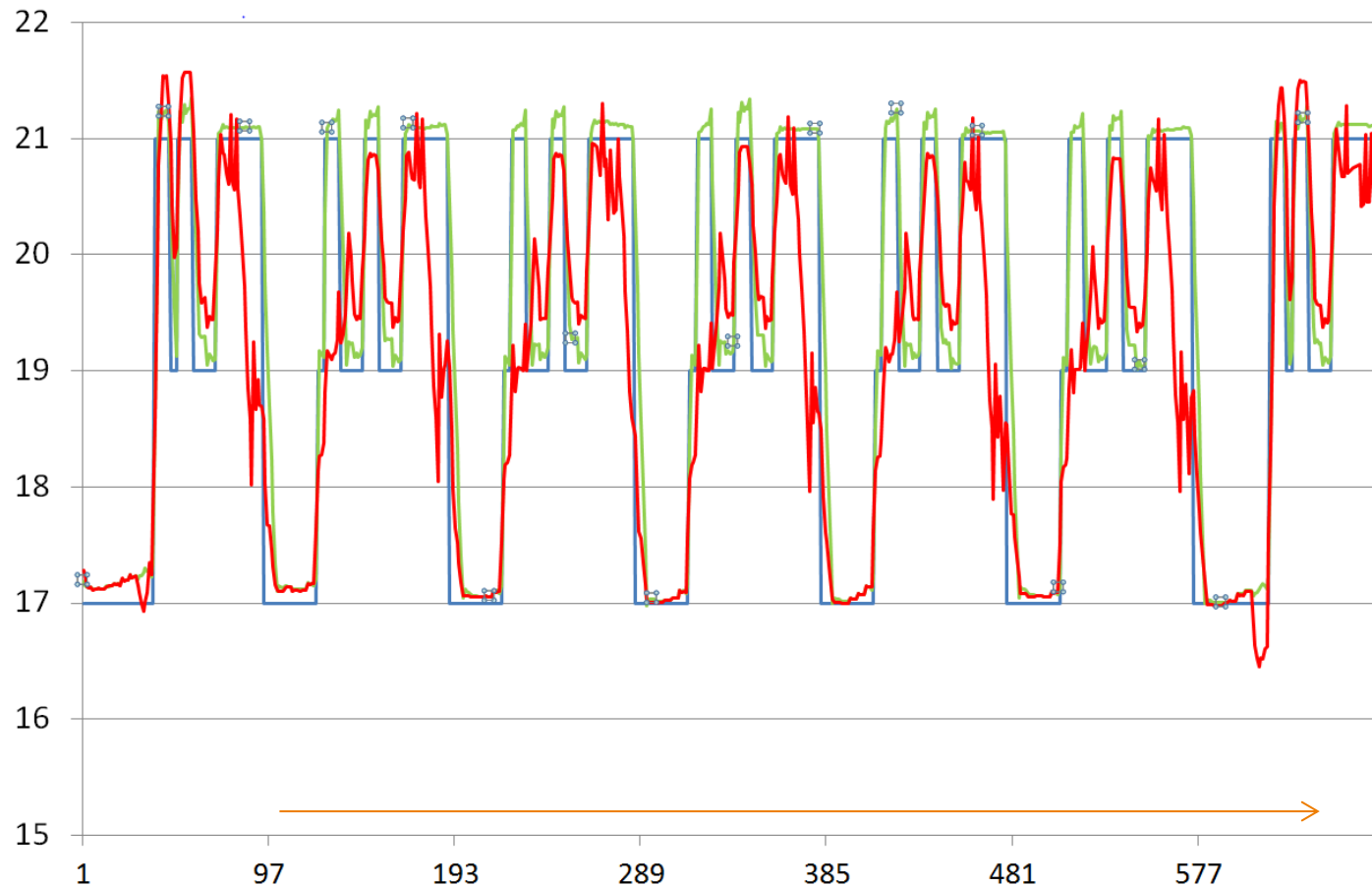
Building VPPs with PowerMatcher AGENTS





Congestion management with heat pumps (7 days)

Realisations (normal: green/congested: red)





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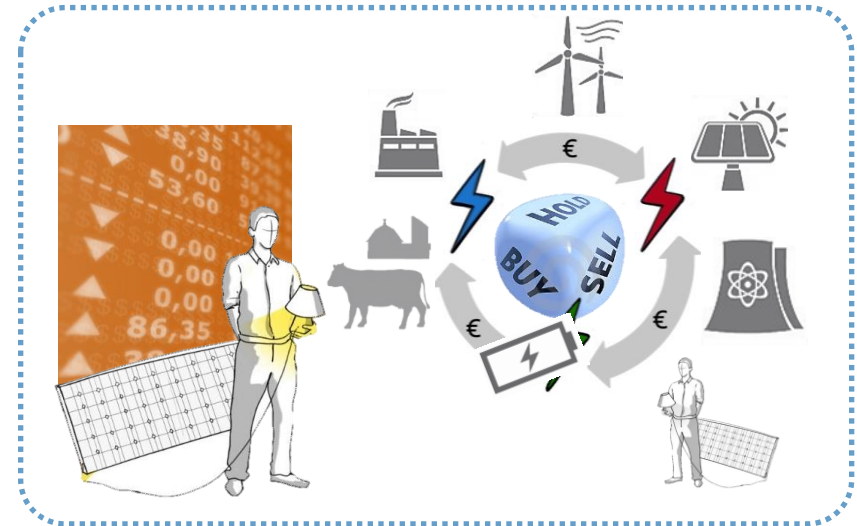
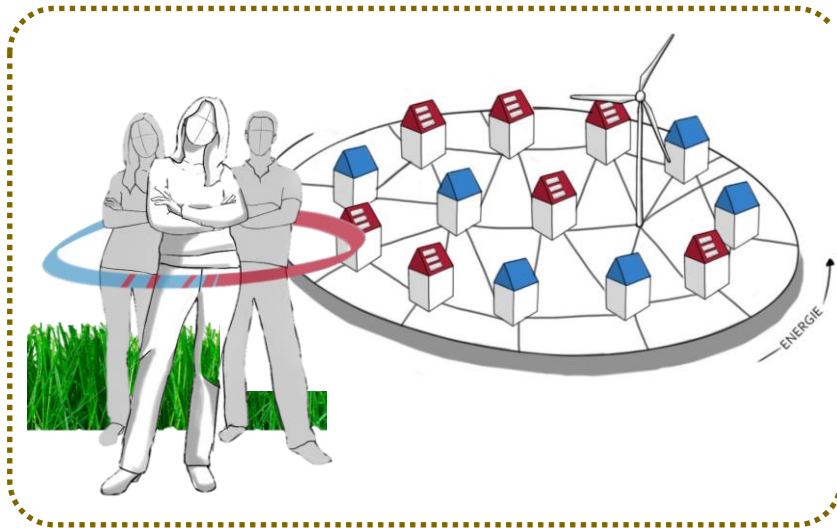


Hoogkerk fieldtest: 45 household living lab

Propositions have to be based on driving forces of customers

Renewable

Smart cost saving



Scope: PV, μ -CHP , heat pump, washing machine, dish washer

- Utilize renewables
- Independent
- Comfort

- Together Minimize cost
- Lowest price
- Retain comfort



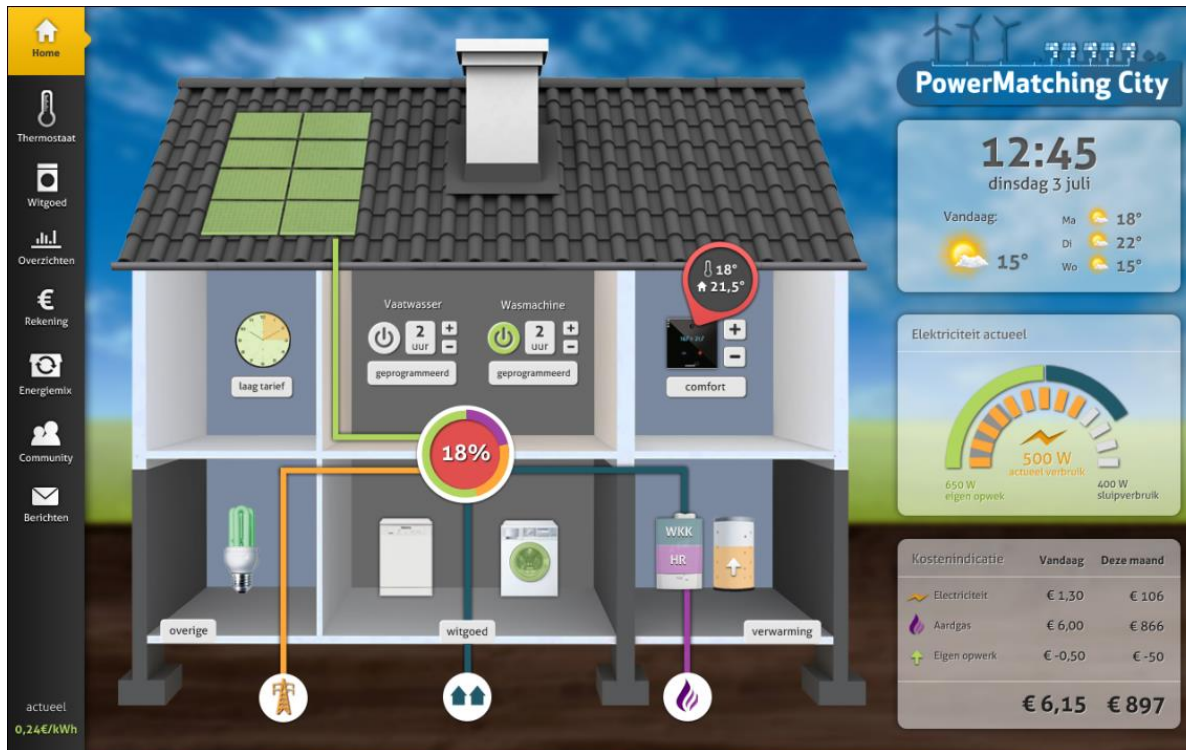
PowerMatching City





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ICT-context: Energy dashboard information



- Variable price for energy (real-time, history)
- kWh vs price
- Feedback on cost-effective operation of devices
- Monthly cost-saving
- Usage at several tariff zones

- Home balance: kW, kWh (real-time , history)
- Community balance: kWh (in real-time , history)
- Monthly usage per energy carrier



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Questions ??

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<http://www.ieadsm.org/ViewTask.aspx?ID=16&Task=17&Sort=0>

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